# Paraweb

**Networked Invisibility** 

## The Modern Web: Tech Stack

High degree, high throughput, low latency

**Network** 

: Fundamental networks

(physical connections, actual wires, Ethernet, etc)

Internet

: Networks of networks

(IPv4, IPv6, etc)

Transport

: Linkages across networks

(TCP, UDP, etc)

**Application** 

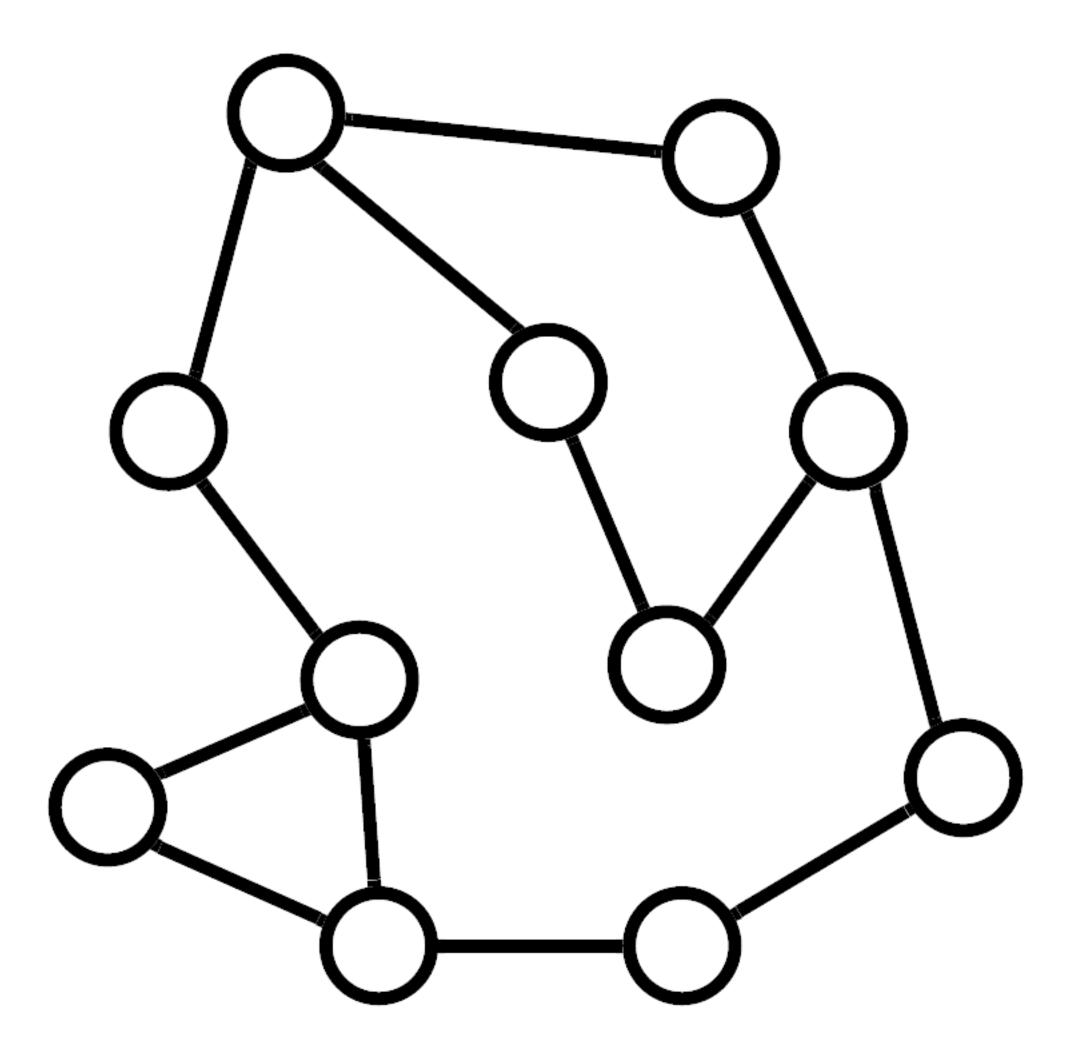
: Languages of linkages

(URL, HTTP, FTP, SSH, etc)

Site

: Content of languages

(HTML, CSS, JS, Facebook, Twitter, etc)



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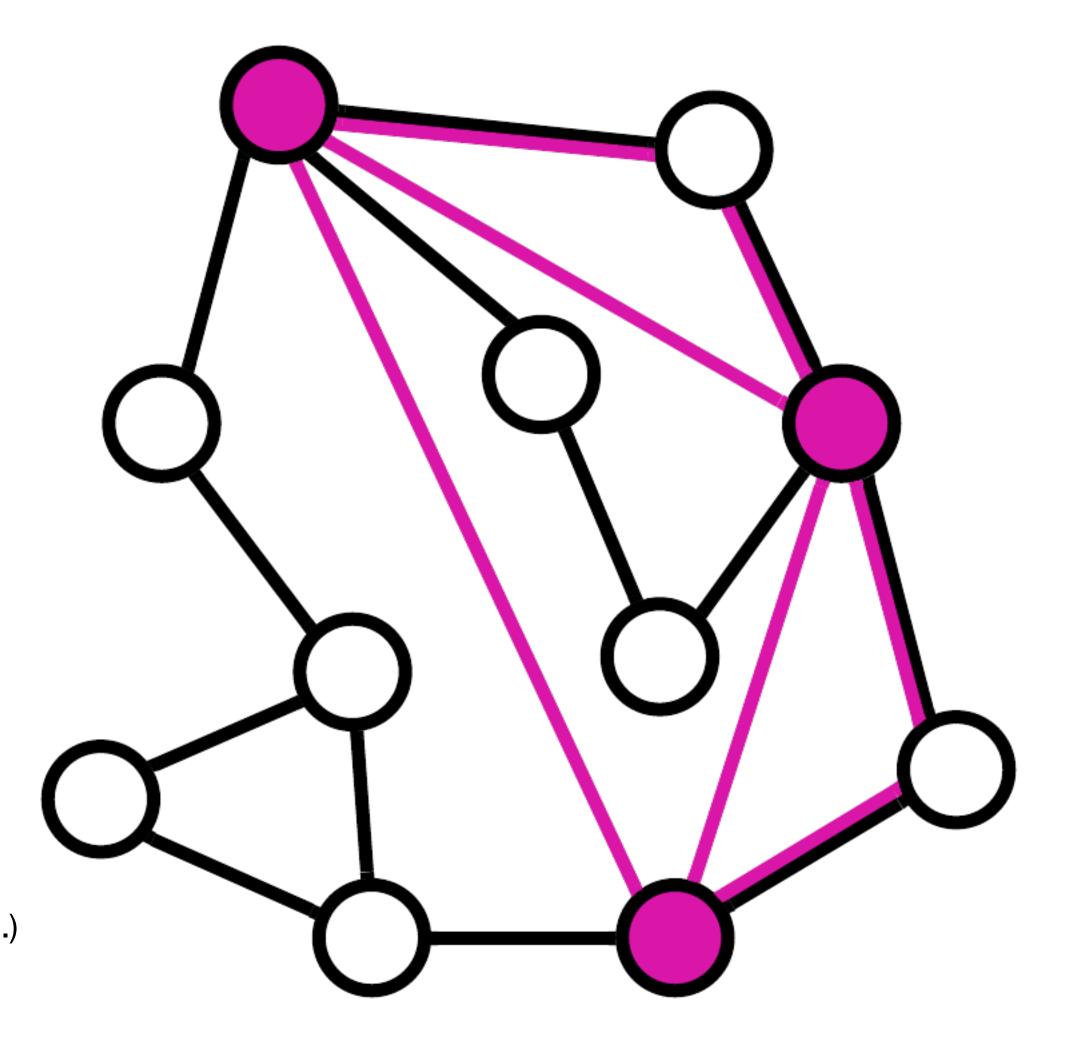
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**Parasite** 

: Network hidden in content (hidden URL, HTML, application-layer protocol, etc.)



## Paraweb: Details

#### Low degree, low throughput, high latency, invisible

- Modern social networks: data-, link-, and throughput-rich enough to be treated as a physical network layer.
- Paraweb: steganographically encrypts hidden structured content in innocuous social network messages.
- Paraweb: adapts core components of the visible web: URI, HTTP, and HTML.
- Paraweb: embeds an invisible Web 1.0 in Web 2.0.



## Paraweb: Benefits

#### A cloak, not a shield

- Steganography + web standards: an open, invisible world wide web
- Hyperlinking payloads: transform covert channels into covert network
- Accessible: no special software
- Cloaked: content resembles regular social network content
- Deniable: usage duplicates regular social network usage

- Targeted: most useful in censored networks, not open networks
- Scenario 1: democracy advocates in highly monitored environments
- Scenario 2: reporters safely interviewing sources in censored networks
- Scenario 3: widely shared ("viral") content increases both cloaking and deniability